

BITTER WIND

for trumpet and piano

Christopher Coleman

duration ca. 10:00

Bitter Wind

A bitter wind blows through our lives: our humanity is increasingly being taken from us. We work more hours than ever before, and are less satisfied. The people who would control our lives seek to do so only for their own benefit. Altruism and compassion are rapidly disappearing, teaching and learning are being replaced by manipulation and marketing. Lies go unquestioned and truths are attacked. Independent thought is discouraged in favor of dogma and catch-phrases. Diversity and originality are publicly praised but not valued; conformity is king. Quantity reigns supreme over quality. We are being turned not into machines—which would at least require an effort to replace—but into leaves of a diseased tree whose individual lives and deaths seem of no consequence whatsoever. Only through a difficult but vital appraisal of our true situation and our real needs can we fight the bitter wind which otherwise promises catastrophe.

Bitter Wind was originally commissioned by Kiyonori Sokabe for his newly created Zephyros trumpet—a trumpet with both valves and a trombone-like slide. The current version is a new revision--significantly rewritten for standard trumpet in C and piano.

Christopher Coleman (b. 1958, Atlanta, GA) composer, conductor, trombonist, is currently Composition Coordinator and Associate Head of the Hong Kong Baptist University Department of Music. He has also taught at the University of Chicago, DePaul University, Columbia College, and at the Interlochen Center for the Arts summer program. He earned his Ph.D. from the University of Chicago where he studied composition with Ralph Shapey and Shulamit Ran. While at the University of Pennsylvania, where he earned the M.A. in composition, he studied with George Crumb, George Rochberg, and Richard Wernick.

While most of Coleman's works are scored for traditional forces, recent efforts have resulted in two large scale multimedia/improvisation pieces: *September Variations* and *Prophecies for a New Millennium*. He has received commissions from the Hong Kong Wind Philharmonia, the Hong Kong Bach Choir and Orchestra, the Hong Kong Composers' Guild, the DuPage Symphony Orchestra, the Chicago-area chapter of the American String Teachers' Association, and the University of Georgia Trombone Choir, among others. He has been awarded first place in the Percussive Arts Society Percussion Ensemble Composition Contest and the ASUC/SESAC Composition Contest. His music is published by Vanderbilt Music, Maecenas Music, Theodore Presser, Ensemble Publications, C. Alan Publications and Crown Music Press. As a trans-media artist interested in the creative process, Coleman has worked in sculpture and computer graphics. He is a founding member of People's Liberation Improv, Hong Kong's leading comedy improv group, and has performed with them in Beijing, Seoul, Manila, and Macau as well as Hong Kong.

Performance Notes

Much of *Bitter Wind* uses proportional notation; where this is employed the parts are to be loosely coordinated unless they line up exactly (as at A). The boxed notes are to be repeated immediately with no pause, the number of repetitions are either given above the box (3x) or shown approximately with the wavy line. Where the wavy line does not continue to the next bar, as at the beginning, the pianist should stop and wait until the next bar to begin again.

The notes sung by the trumpet player may be transposed to whatever octave the performer finds most suitable.

The trumpet glissandi can be created through a combination of embouchure, half-valving, and judicious manipulation of the tuning slides.

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Bitter Wind

Christopher Coleman

Quite Slowly soft moans

for trumpet and piano

Somewhat Quicker

Trumpet in C

Piano

Add flutter

Moving Forward

Sing

6

6

A

molto rit. pesante

(to Harmon Mute)

10

B

pedal each
box separately

* subito *p*

5 X

2 X

3 X

4 X

5 X

very long

4 X (BEFORE C)

f

ff

fff

fff

pp

8vb

loco

loco

8vb

loco

C

pp

pp

p

4 X

(AS NECESSARY)

REPEAT AS NECESSARY
COORDINATION APPROXIMATE

* pedal each new box

f

fp

sf

2 X

2 X

2 X

2 X

fp

REPEAT AS DESIRED

Sing

p

cue trumpet mp

2 X

2 X

2 X

cue trumpet

cue piano

mf

pp

mp

D

Section F

Section G

Section H *Cadenza agitato; snarling!*

Trumpet

Performance Instructions:

- Open*
- (ped still depressed)*
- forearm smash!*
- L.V. until sound has died out completely!*

Dynamic Markings: *f*, *ff*, *mf*, *fp*, *p*, *sfz*, *8vb*, *subito p*, *loco*, *fff*, *sub. p*.

The musical score for "The Great Wall" by John Cage is presented in a multi-staff format. The top staff is for the vocal line, marked "Sing", and the subsequent staves are for the piano. The score is divided into several systems, each containing multiple staves. The piano part features complex rhythmic patterns, including triplets and sixteenth notes, and is marked with various dynamics such as *fp*, *mf*, *f*, *mp*, *ff*, *p*, *pp*, and *ppp*. The score includes performance instructions like "(cluster gliss)" and "(without pedal)". The piece concludes with a double bar line and a final measure marked with a fermata.

Musical score for measures 6-11. The score is written for three staves: Treble, Grand (Treble and Bass), and Bass. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The music features extensive triplet patterns in the Treble and Bass staves. The Grand staff has a dashed line labeled '8vb' (8va below) and 'loco' (loco). The piece ends with a double bar line and a fermata. Dynamics include *p* (piano) and *ff* (fortissimo). Performance instructions include 'very long' and 'ff'.

From this point until N the soloist should treat the notation extremely freely and may improvise upon the material

J

Musical score for measures 12-18. The score is written for three staves: Treble, Grand, and Bass. The key signature has one flat. The music is characterized by atonal, random notes. The Treble staff has a box labeled '3 x' and 'accel.'. The Grand staff has a box labeled 'A frenzy of individual, atonal random notes in the lowest two octaves!'. The Bass staff has a box labeled 'ff'. Dynamics include *fp* (fortissimo piano), *mp* (mezzo-piano), *sfz* (sforzando), and *ff*. Performance instructions include 'random atonal notes increasing in speed', 'A frenzy of individual, atonal random notes in the lowest two octaves!', and 'with mounting horror!'.

K

Musical score for measures 19-24. The score is written for three staves: Treble, Grand, and Bass. The key signature has one flat. The music features repeated notes and accents. The Treble staff has a box labeled 'add random accents'. The Grand staff has a box labeled 'subito mf senza ped.'. The Bass staff has a box labeled 'add occasional repeated notes'. Dynamics include *sfz* (sforzando), *fp* (fortissimo piano), and *ff* (fortissimo). Performance instructions include 'add random accents', 'subito mf senza ped.', and 'add occasional repeated notes'.

L

7

3-note clusters; add random accents
and occasional large low clusters

gradually increase range
and add more low clusters

ferocious!

add pedal in small groups increasing in length

Palm Clusters

M

fastest possible flurry of random
notes; as if desperate to escape!

accel.

sfz

fff

ff

INSANE!

molto ritardando!

Arm Clusters

N

trumpet and piano
synchronize

high squeal

sfz

ppp

ff

fff
Ped.

allow sound to die
away completely!

*